



400 E. Brown Deer Rd.
Bayside, WI 53217

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White Oleander

Nerium oleander 'Alba'

Height: 15 feet

Spread: 15 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: (annual)

Other Names: Rose Bay

Description:

A popular shrub or small tree, producing snowy white flower clusters over deep green contrasting foliage ; often used as a patio plant; pruning required to maintain strong structure; parts of this plant are known to be toxic

Ornamental Features

White Oleander features showy clusters of white star-shaped flowers at the ends of the branches from early to late summer. Its narrow leaves emerge light green in spring, turning dark green in color the rest of the year.

Landscape Attributes

White Oleander is a multi-stemmed annual with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other garden plants with less refined foliage.

This is a high maintenance plant that will require regular care and upkeep, and can be pruned at anytime. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

White Oleander is recommended for the following landscape applications;



White Oleander flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



White Oleander in bloom
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



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- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens

Planting & Growing

White Oleander will grow to be about 15 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 15 feet. It tends to be leggy, with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and should be underplanted with lower-growing perennials. Although it's not a true annual, this fast-growing plant can be expected to behave as an annual in our climate if left outdoors over the winter, usually needing replacement the following year. As such, gardeners should take into consideration that it will perform differently than it would in its native habitat.

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It is very adaptable to both dry and moist locations, and should do just fine under typical garden conditions. It is considered to be drought-tolerant, and thus makes an ideal choice for a low-water garden or xeriscape application. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in poor soils, and is able to handle environmental salt. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America, and parts of it are known to be toxic to humans and animals, so care should be exercised in planting it around children and pets.